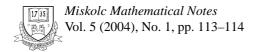


The Second International Workshop "Constructive Methods for Non-Linear Boundary Value Problems"

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THE SECOND INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP "CONSTRUCTIVE METHODS FOR NON-LINEAR BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS"

MIKLÓS RONTÓ

L AST SUMMER, more precisely, from 4th to 7th June, 2003, the Second International Workshop

"CONSTRUCTIVE METHODS FOR NON-LINEAR BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS"

took place in Miskolc (Hungary). The workshop had been organised by the Institute of Mathematics, University of Miskolc, in cooperation with the Regional Committee of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences in Miskolc.



Participants of the Second International Workshop "Constructive Methods for Non-Linear Boundary Value Problems" (June 4–7, 2003, Miskolc, Hungary)

The topics of the meeting covered the theory of boundary value problems in a broad sense (including, e. g., initial value problems, periodic-type problems for ordinary differential and functional differential equations, two-point problems for equations with impulses, non-local problems for higher-order equations, and applications). More than 30 researchers from Belgium, Czech Republic, Egypt, Hungary, Roumania, Slovakia, Ukraine, and Vietnam participated in the meeting with 20 and 30-minute lectures.

The Organising Committee consisting of G. Bognár, A. Galántai, and the author of this note (chairman), gratefully acknowledges the financial support provided by the following funds and institutions:

- Hungarian National Foundation for Scientific Research (OTKA);
- Peregrinatio Fund, University of Miskolc;
- Faculty of Mechanical Engineering, University of Miskolc;
- Institute of Mathematics, University of Miskolc.

The workshop of year 2003 follows the tradition established in 2000, when the first workshop with this title, participated by 25 mathematicians from 8 countries, took place in Miskolc. When organising this kind of short meetings, our aim is to bring together the leading mathematicians working in the theory of boundary value problems and to promote their active long-term cooperation. We are glad to note that they have already produced useful results and we hope that they will be fruitful in the future.

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